"I’ve learned a lot from mentors who were instrumental in shaping me, and I want to share what I’ve learned."

— Herbie Hancock (Grammy Award winning musician, composer, and band leader)

"Colleagues are a wonderful thing - but mentors, that’s where the real work gets done."

— Junot Diaz (Pulitzer Prize winning author and Professor of Writing at MIT)
Congratulations!
You’re a new professor in the College of Communication and Fine Arts at the University of Memphis.

So now what?

Well, you’ve probably talked with the chair of your department and maybe one or two colleagues about what comes next. You know the duties and requirements and hopefully the expectations. Or should. But as important as memorizing the job description is, you also need to learn what success looks like and how to get there.

You need a mentor.

Mentor, as you may know, was the wise old geezer Odysseus asked to look after his young son, Telemachus, when he set off on his long adventure-filled journey around the world. In recent years, a mentor has come to mean an experienced individual who shares wisdom and knowledge with a less experienced one. A mentor may be a teacher, colleague, role model, friend, or perhaps all of them rolled into one.

**Why do I need a mentor?**

**A mentor can show you the ropes — where the ropes are located and how to untie the knots you will inevitably encounter.**

Even if you’ve been teaching for a while as a graduate student or adjunct, there are specific institutional guidelines you will need to know in order to develop as a full-fledged faculty member and colleague. The College of Communication and Fine Arts takes mentoring seriously. With this guide, and your assigned faculty mentor, we aim to give you a platform from which to launch your academic career at the University of Memphis.

CCFA’s mentoring program is coordinated by the Dean’s office and put into practice within each individual unit. The department chair/director serves as a de facto mentor to all faculty. He or she articulates departmental values and expectations and evaluates faculty performance on a yearly basis. But you will want someone in addition to your “boss” to meet with on a regular basis to talk about your teaching, how your research is progressing, and what kinds of service, and how much, you should be doing.
Overview: Mentoring Through the Ranks

Mentoring takes different forms at different points on an individual’s professional path. In the early years, having a guide to navigate institutional policies and procedures and ease the adjustment to departmental and university cultures is critical to a new faculty member’s success. As a new faculty, you need someone whom you can confide in and ask questions about collegiality and the often unspoken protocols within a department. You may also need direction in establishing a research agenda and developing an appropriately balanced relationship among teaching, research, and service. Just knowing that there is someone in particular you can go to with problems and questions can be a comfort.

If you’re on the tenure-track, the third-year or mid-term review is a significant milestone. This review is conducted by the senior faculty in your department and their findings are sent up the line to the Dean. At this juncture, you should be given a clear idea of how successfully you are fulfilling expectations in teaching, research and service. If there are any glaring holes in your portfolio, they will be addressed now. The third year review is essentially a trial run, a dress rehearsal for tenure and promotion. Matters of collegiality may be taken up at this time especially if, as in some departments, they are critical to the departmental mission. Mentoring through these years is intensely individual and tailored to each faculty member’s unique strengths.

Post-tenure, there continue to be situations in which faculty require guidance. How does one progress toward full professor? When is the right time to apply for promotion? What are the opportunities and drawbacks to taking on an administrative role?

How Are Mentors and Protégés Paired?

Department chairs or unit heads are responsible for matching new tenure-track faculty with a senior faculty colleague, depending on interests and temperament. Typically, your mentor will be from your own department and, ideally, your area. But, this will not always be the case and your mentor may even be from a department in another College. Realizing that some situations don’t work out as planned, department chairs will review the mentoring arrangement at intervals and adjust the mentor/protégé assignments as necessary. You should feel free to talk to your department chair if the relationship is not working.

The Three Limbs

The three limbs of a university appointment are teaching, research, and service. The fourth, as anyone who has been there will tell you, is collegiality. In practice, all of these areas overlap and often blend with one another. They are all important, but some may take precedence during different times in your career. It’s up to you to decide what takes priority and how you will divide your time among these various concerns.

Let’s Talk About Teaching

Make no mistake about it. Teaching is important. Unless you are Nobel Prize winning researcher, you will not succeed as a university professor unless you can prove yourself in the classroom (or studio, or lab). It’s taken for granted that you are an expert in your discipline. You have the degree to prove it and would not have been hired otherwise. But it’s also essential that you can effectively communicate what you know. Initially, you will undoubtedly spend a good deal of time working on syllabi, preparing presentations and materials, and honing your teaching style. What you may not have considered is how much “housekeeping” is involved in being a professor. Keeping track of attendance, grading, holding office hours, knowing where to send students who need academic help, or psychological counseling, accommodating a student with a disability, dealing with a disruptive student or handling incidents of academic misconduct – these are all things that might keep you awake at night during your first couple of years. What you need to know is that there is someone – or some office – on campus to help. There are also online and on-ground resources to assist with getting you up to speed on the University’s e-courseware system and putting your courses online.
Carving Out Time for Research

The University of Memphis prides itself on its Carnegie Classification as a Research University with High Levels of Research. If you’ve been hired in a tenure-track line, you know that you have been selected because you have demonstrated a capacity to do independent research. Finding time to write and create amidst the multiple demands of teaching, service, and personal and family life can be difficult. Carefully consider how you will carve out a time, (early morning, late at night, or one day a week) to write or make art and keep it sacrosanct.

The College of Communication and Fine Arts values a wide range of creative activities, academic research, interdisciplinary and engaged scholarship. The University has set a target of 100 million dollars in research expenditures and will reward faculty who are able to attract external funding for their endeavors. Whatever your discipline and whatever your practice, work with your mentor to develop a research plan and determine the appropriate number, scope, quality and time frame for your presentations, publications, exhibitions, and performances. What matters in the long run, is that your research production follows a sustained pattern of growth. You will not win favor (or tenure) with a one hit wonder, especially if it comes late in the game.

How Much Service and What Kind

Most departments limit the service responsibilities of new faculty. This makes sense because you are still finding your footing, establishing your research priorities and honing your teaching skills. But service is an essential part of university life and you might as well get used to it. With luck, you will be able to work on a committee or project in which you make a valuable contribution to the ongoing work of your department, school or the college. Community outreach is strongly encouraged at the University and some units have well-established community partnerships. You will probably be assigned a committee (or maybe two depending on how large your department is) during your first year. Look at it as an opportunity to acquire valuable insights into how things get done, and who gets them done, at the University. You should expect to take on more responsibility as you become more embedded in your role in your department.

Collegiality: the Gorilla in the Room

It’s not rocket science. Collegiality is simply a matter of being a responsible, hard-working, reasonably congenial co-worker. You are a member of a community which functions best when its members are interested in and care for one another. There is, alas, such a thing as departmental politics. If you have concerns about departmental conflicts or other matters, you are encouraged to discuss them in confidence with your mentor.

Tips for Protégés

- Be proactive. At the end of the day, you are responsible for your own career choices and professional decisions.
- Work with your mentor to establish regular meeting times. Do not cancel except in case of an emergency.
- Share your values and goals with your mentor.
- Remember that no one person can provide all the answers. Ask for help from others when applicable. Build your network.
- Express your gratitude. Think about what you can do for your mentor.
- Listen to your mentor’s wisdom and advice.

Tips for Mentors

- Work with your protégé to schedule regular appointments. Do not cancel except in the case of an emergency.
- Share your experiences, including your mistakes.
- Provide encouragement as well as advice to your protégé.
- Guide your protégé to other individuals when you don’t have an answer.
- Make it clear that you can be trusted to keep your conversations confidential.
- Listen to your protégés ideas and concerns.
A suggested schedule for mentoring activities

**August**
- New Faculty Orientation takes place the week before classes begin

**September**
- CCFA New Faculty Luncheon with Dean and Associate Dean
- Professional Development for Mentors with Dean Logan

**October and November**
- Informal meetings with mentor and protégé
- Focus on teaching
- Begin to develop research agenda. Discuss Faculty Research Grants and CCFA New Faculty Research grants

**December**
- Informal meeting with mentor and protégé. Finalize plan for Faculty Research Grant if applying

**January**
- Informal meeting with mentor and protégé
- Review University of Memphis CV format

**February**
- Prepare for annual faculty evaluation
- Share Department tenure and promotion guidelines and discuss third year review

**March**
- Meeting with Dean Logan and other CCFA mentors and protégés to share stories and exchange ideas

**April**
- Mentor/Protégé meeting to assess progress and develop plans for the next year

**May – August**
- Pursue Research interests

**Administrative Resources:**

- **Faculty handbook:** Everything you always wanted to know about faculty life at the University of Memphis. http://www.memphis.edu/facultysenate/
- **Faculty CV:** The required format for the University of Memphis Faculty Curriculum Vitae. http://www.memphis.edu/aa/resources/facres/cvinfo/index.php
- **Graduate Faculty Status:** In order to teach graduate level courses and/or serve on graduate committees, you must qualify for graduate faculty status. Consult with your departmental graduate coordinator about which level you should apply for. http://www.memphis.edu/gradschool/faculty_staff/index.php
- **Annual Faculty Evaluations:** Faculty are evaluated by department chairs on a yearly basis early each spring semester. Chairs/directors should request your input regarding activities and achievements. http://www.memphis.edu/aa/resources/facres/facultyevaluation/index.php

**Teaching Resources:**

- **SETE’s: Student Evaluation of Teaching Effectiveness:** Required for every class and reviewed during yearly faculty evaluations. http://www.memphis.edu/sete/index.php
- **eCourseware:** This is the on-line course management system (also known as D2L or Desire to Learn) used by the University of Memphis. Each course you teach will have a “shell” on your MyMemphis page. The following websites offer on-line and in-person training workshops for faculty.
  - Center for Teaching and Learning http://www.memphis.edu/umtech/ctl/index.php
  (continued)
On-Line Teaching: If you are assigned to teach or develop a new course on-line, the following resources are available.

- On-line Course Development and Implementation
  http://www.memphis.edu/umtech/teaching/ecourseware_index.php

Training Resources
http://www.memphis.edu/umtech/teaching/ecwfaculty.php

Academic and Behavioral Misconduct: If you encounter student behavior that is inconsistent with the University’s core values or that impedes your ability to function effectively in the classroom, you may request assistance from the Office of Student Conduct.
http://www.memphis.edu/studentconduct/

Research Support Services: The Office of Research Support is available to assist faculty in the development of proposals and budgets for research grants.
http://www.memphis.edu/researchsupport/index.php

University Research Foundation: This University Research Foundation facilitates the acquisition of sponsored research funds from public and private sources and coordinates technology transfer, intellectual property and other legal and fiscal matters.
http://www.memphis.edu/rsp/vice_president/research_foundation.php

University Faculty Research Grants: Faculty Research Grants are administered through the Office of Research Support Services Internal Programs. All tenure-track faculty are eligible to apply. Funding is available up to $6500. The deadline occurs in mid-January just after winter break.
http://www.memphis.edu/rsp/vice_president/internal_programs.php

CCFA New Faculty Grants: The New Faculty Grant is intended to serve as a springboard for your research during the summer and fall following your first year.
http://www.memphis.edu/ccfa/resources/faculty_staff/grants.php

Institutional Review Board: If your research involves the use of human subjects, please consult the Institutional Review Board website.
http://www.memphis.edu/rsp/compliance/irb_policy.php

Professional Development Assignment: You will be eligible to apply for a Professional Development Assignment, affectionately known as a PDA, once you have received a positive mid-term review. This is a one-semester research leave at full pay or two-semesters at half pay.
http://www.memphis.edu/ccfa/resources/faculty_staff/pda.php

Travel to Professional Conferences, Exhibits and Performances: Each unit has a process for distributing available travel funds to assist faculty who are giving papers, lectures, workshops and performances that promote professional development and bring recognition to the University. Ask your mentor, department chair, or departmental administrative assistant about deadlines and to help you develop a budget, fill out a request, make travel plans, and fill out a travel claim for reimbursement.
I'd like to teach a course on a topic of special interest not currently in the curriculum. How do I go about it?

Discuss your ideas with your mentor and your department chair. With their advice, develop a syllabus and submit it, along with the Request for Special Topics form ([https://web0.memphis.edu/currproc/curr_forms.php](https://web0.memphis.edu/currproc/curr_forms.php)) to your chair and/or the head of your curriculum committee early in the semester prior to offering the course. Your request must go through an approval process - the College Curriculum Committee (undergrad) or College Council for Graduate Studies and the Dean before it can be scheduled. After a special topics course has been offered for three semesters, it should be proposed as a permanent course in the curriculum.

How do I handle Plagiarism or other incidents of Academic Misconduct?

Most professors have a boiler plate statement on their syllabi informing students that plagiarism and cheating violate the University’s code of conduct and that any breach of academic integrity will result in sanctions. The reporting process is quite clear and it’s extremely important that you follow up on each case of plagiarism that you encounter. If you do not do so, it’s possible that a student will accumulate multiple infractions in different courses before he or she is called to account. Remember the aphorism: “No good deed goes unpunished.” The procedures for dealing with academic misconduct are a) summary discipline, a process that involves the student, the instructor, and the department chair or b) deferring disciplinary action to an academic integrity committee. Please consult the Office of Student Conduct website for specific instructions. [http://www.memphis.edu/studentconduct/](http://www.memphis.edu/studentconduct/)

I have a student who is disruptive. What can I do?

behavior that damages the learning environment does not have to be tolerated. Do make your policies regarding use of electronic devices clear on your syllabus and establish guidelines for respectful civil discourse in the classroom. A student who is exhibiting disruptive behavior (outbursts, threats, bullying, harassment, etc.) may be asked to leave the classroom. If the behavior continues, you should bring it to the attention of your department chair and the Office of Student Conduct. [http://www.memphis.edu/studentconduct/](http://www.memphis.edu/studentconduct/)

One of my students exhibits signs of being disturbed, perhaps even dangerous. What should I do?

If you feel there is an immediate threat, call Police Services at 678-2187 or call 911.

Behavioral norms in the Arts are often more pliable than in other areas. Nevertheless, if you become concerned about serious behavioral or mental health issues in one of your students, do not hesitate to contact the University’s Behavioral Intervention Team (BIT). [http://www.memphis.edu/bit/index.htm](http://www.memphis.edu/bit/index.htm)

For less serious mental health issues, the University Counseling Center has a wide range of services including psychiatric counseling, stress management, and suicide prevention. [http://www.memphis.edu/counseling/](http://www.memphis.edu/counseling/)

A student has confided in me that she is a victim of sexual assault. Where can I send her for counseling or to make a police report?

The following information is from the University Counseling Center’s website on sexual assault and rape: “If you or someone you know has been assaulted, contact the Counseling Center at 678-2068 and/or Police Services at 678-4357. If you are in the Memphis area, you may contact the Rape Crisis...
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (cont'd)

Center at 901-222-4350. Sexual Assault Prevention and Awareness Center 24-Hour Hotline 1-800-656-HOPE." More information is available at the following links: University Police: http://www.memphis.edu/police/incidents/, the University Counseling Center: http://www.memphis.edu/counseling/, and Center for Research on Women: http://www.memphis.edu/crow/

What do I do if I am sick and cannot meet a class? What if I must miss class for some other reason – conference presentation, religious holiday, etc.?

You can read the official policy in the faculty handbook: http://www.memphis.edu/facultysenate/. It boils down to this: If your absence is unanticipated, notify your department chair, or her designee, who will make emergency arrangements. If you know you will be away for a conference presentation, religious holiday, or other reason, you must cover your class in some manner. Let your supervisor know and fill out the appropriate paper work. If it’s going to be an extended absence, let’s just say we’ll cross that bridge when we come to it.

How do I get my teaching evaluated?

Each instructional unit has guidelines and criteria for evaluating teaching effectiveness. They include student evaluations, syllabi and other course materials, peer evaluations, student products, and statements of teaching philosophy. Remember that teaching takes place in different contexts, not only in the classroom, but in the rehearsal studio, in field research, in interdisciplinary settings and through mentoring and advising. The onus, it should be emphasized, is on you to develop a portfolio with adequate documentation and to invite your colleagues to visit your classroom presentations and provide feedback.

If parents ask questions about students, what can I tell them?

Great question! Essentially there is nothing except the weather that you can disclose to parents of college age students. FERPA, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, protects students’ privacy and restricts third party access to their educational records. You are required to take the FERPA tutorial. It can be found on the Registrar’s website: http://www.memphis.edu/registrar/faculty/ferpa.htm

I have a couple of questions about grades. What is the process for changing grades? What’s the process for resolving a grade dispute?

These are both questions which seem easy, but seldom are. If you’ve made an error in calculating or recording a grade, or if you need to change an Incomplete grade, it’s a simple matter of filling out the grade change form on the registrar’s website and getting the appropriate signatures: http://www.memphis.edu/registrar/.

Grade appeals, on the other hand, are messy and take up a lot of time. You can avoid them by making your grading criteria clear at the outset of your course, giving students frequent feedback, and being consistent. If a student decides to appeal a grade, the process is laid out in excruciating detail in both the undergraduate and graduate bulletins. As with other procedures, it moves up the chain – from the instructor, to the department chair, to the dean, and finally to an appeals committee for review. Most grade appeals are settled, though not usually to both parties’ satisfaction, at the department level: http://www.memphis.edu/ugcatalog/acad_reg/ug_grade_appeal.php, or https://web0.memphis.edu/gradcatalog/appeal.php

How does this university work?

The University of Memphis is a large, complex organization. There are offices within areas, within departments, within colleges, within divisions, – you get the idea. Like Russian nesting dolls. The Division of Academic Affairs (http://www.memphis.edu/aa/) is where you fit in – and your colleagues, your
Frequently Asked Questions (cont’d)

Students, and your department. The Division of Business and Finance (http://www.memphis.edu/bf/index.php) includes Physical Plant, Human Resources, Parking, and Police Services. In the Division of Student Affairs (http://www.memphis.edu/studentaffairs/) you will find the Office of Student Conduct, Student Housing, and Campus Recreation. The Office of The President coordinates all the functions of the University and reports to the Board of Visitors and the Tennessee Board of Regents (TBR).

What is shared governance?

Shared governance means that all members of the community – faculty, staff, students, and administrators have a voice in the decision-making process. It’s a flexible concept that changes in practice from one institution to another and from time to time within the same institution. At the University of Memphis, the faculty senate (http://www.memphis.edu/facultysenate/) is the primary vehicle for the representation of faculty opinion.

Who do I talk to about writing a grant?

The first person you should consult about applying for grants is your mentor, especially if he or she is an active researcher. Next, you might seek out someone in your own department who has been successful in acquiring grants. You will need to identify granting agencies that fund projects in your discipline through your professional organizations and networks. Data bases with research opportunities can be researched through the University’s Office of Research Support Services. RSS also provides assistance in proposal and budget development and workshops and tutorials in grant writing. http://www.memphis.edu/sph/people/research/support.php

Suggested Reading


- Straight Man by Richard Russo is a novel, a satire to be exact, about a fictional university. Read it when you want to laugh and get some distance on your situation.

- An Amazon search will yield many other titles related to academic life, the tenure track, work-life balance and writing for publication. If you discover anything especially helpful, please let me know. mlogan1@memphis.edu

Suggested Reading (cont’d)


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