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POLICY STATEMENT:

Article I. Title
This code shall be known as the University of Memphis Faculty Code of Conduct. This code is based on the premise that both administrators and faculty share responsibility to create a climate suitable for scholarship, research, effective teaching and learning, and service. Except as otherwise provided by federal or state law, Board of Trustees, or provisions of the Faculty Senate Rules and Regulations, no policy or action by the University or its faculty and staff may violate the rights, responsibilities, and standards of conduct established by this code. Substantive changes to this Code will be made only after approval by the Provost’s Office and Faculty Senate, subject to the ultimate authority of the President.

Article I. Purpose

The purpose of University of Memphis Faculty Code of Conduct is to protect academic freedom, to help preserve the highest standards of teaching and scholarship, and to advance the mission of the University as an institution of higher learning. This Code of Conduct does not supersede any University policy or procedure.

Article I. Policy

University of Memphis’s commitment to excellence is imbued in the institutional values of diversity and inclusion, accountability, collaboration, innovation, service, and student success. In carrying out such a diverse mission the University requires standards of conduct and ethical behavior implicit in its commitment to excellence. Within these boundaries the University establishes a code of ethical conduct to be followed by University faculty. The personal conduct of University of Memphis faculty is expected to facilitate a highly professional academic environment which epitomizes the standards of professionalism and academic achievement as set forth by these policies.

Statement of Non-Discrimination

The University will not tolerate discrimination against any employee or employment applicant because of race, color, religion, creed, ethnic or national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity/expression, disability, age (as applicable), status as a covered veteran, or genetic information, nor will it tolerate harassment on the basis of these protected categories or any other category protected by federal or state civil rights law. Further, in accordance with its Title IX responsibilities, the University prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct and discrimination on the basis of sex in employment and under any education program or activity.

Motion to Accept Passed 9/22/2020
Vote:  35 For, 1 Against, 0 Abstain
Any conduct that implicates harassment, discrimination, or sexual misconduct as referenced above should be reported to the Office for Institutional Equity (OIE) and will be handled in accordance with policies GE2030, GE2031 and GE2024.

**Article II. Definitions. When used in this Code:**
1. The term “University” means the University of Memphis, and collectively, those responsible for its control and operation.
2. The term “student” includes all persons taking courses at the institution, both full-time and part-time, pursuing undergraduate, graduate or extension studies.
3. A trainee is a type of student, but the term is used separately here to emphasize the responsibilities that faculty members have toward post-doctoral fellows, and persons in similar post-graduate positions. A teacher is anyone who holds a faculty position described in the Faculty Handbook and who teaches students or supervises trainees.
4. The University of Memphis faculty includes all University administrators with faculty appointments. The term “faculty member” includes all persons with a tenured, tenure-track, or non-tenured faculty appointment; unclassified academic staff; and any person hired by the University to conduct classroom activities. Determination of a person’s status as a "faculty member" or a "student" in a particular situation shall be determined by the surrounding facts.
5. All other terms have their conventional meaning unless the text dictates otherwise.

**Article II. Definitions. Parts of this Code:**

The definitions of the parts of this Code follows:

Article III of this Code sets forth the responsibility of the University to maintain conditions and rights supportive of the faculty’s pursuit of the University’s central functions.

Article IV of this Code elaborates standards of professional conduct, derived from general professional consensus about the existence of certain precepts as basic to acceptable faculty behavior. Conduct which departs from these precepts is viewed by faculty as unacceptable because it is inconsistent with the mission of the University. The articulation of types of unacceptable faculty conduct is appropriate both to verify that a consensus about minimally acceptable standards in fact does exist and to give fair notice to all that departures from these minimal standards may give rise to disciplinary proceedings.

**Article III. Professional Rights of Faculty**

In support of the University’s central functions as an institution of higher learning, a major responsibility of the administration is to protect and encourage the faculty in its teaching, learning, research, and public service. The authority to discipline faculty members in appropriate cases derives from the shared recognition by the faculty and the administration that the purpose of discipline is to preserve conditions hospitable to these pursuits. Such conditions, as they relate to the faculty, include, for example:

1. Faculty members have the right to freedom of inquiry, exchange of ideas and assembly.
2. Faculty members have the right to present controversial material relevant to a course of instruction.
3. Faculty members have the right to freedom of expression.
4. Faculty members have the right to participate in the governance of the University, as provided in the Bylaws and Standing Orders of the Board of Trustees and the regulations of the University, including (a) approval of course content and manner of instruction, (b) establishment of requirements for matriculation and for degrees, (c) appointment and promotion of faculty, (d) selection of chairs of departments and certain academic administrators, (e) discipline of members of the faculty, and the formulation of rules and procedures for discipline of students, (f) establishment of norms for teaching responsibilities and for evaluation of both faculty and student achievement, and (g) determination of the forms of departmental governance;

5. Faculty members have the right to be judged by one’s colleagues, in accordance with fair procedures and due process, in matters of promotion, tenure, and discipline, solely on the basis of the faculty members’ professional qualifications and professional conduct.

6. Faculty members have the legal rights and privileges of citizens.

7. Faculty members have the right to participate in the determination of school, department, and University policies and procedures consistent with the principles of shared governance. Faculty members have the right to impartial treatment in the application of school, department, and university policies and decisions.

8. Faculty members have the right to participate in the determination of their teaching, administrative, and other university assignments and responsibilities, subject to Faculty Senate Rules and Regulations and applicable school and unit policies. This right recognizes that the proportions of time and energy devoted to teaching, advising, research, service, administration, and other responsibilities may vary from individual to individual, and for the same individual over time. Faculty members have the right to impartial treatment in the application of university policies and procedures for the evaluation of their performance of these responsibilities, including the right to participate in that evaluation.

9. Faculty members have a right to be informed about personnel files that contain information about them. Faculty personnel files are maintained by the Provost’s Office, Human Resources, the college/school or comparable unit, and the department(s) or comparable unit(s) in which the faculty member is appointed. Subject to the provisions of Faculty Senate Rules and Regulations, the faculty member shall have the right to examine the contents of such files and notify the Provost of any inaccuracies or missing information in the files.

10. Faculty members have a right to be secure in their persons, offices, papers, computers, electronic files and effects against unlawful searches and seizures.

11. Faculty members have a right to due process in all disciplinary matters. Faculty members have the right to peer judgment through the hearing process. Faculty members can report concerns to the Faculty Grievance Committee, a standing committee specifically charged with responsibility for resolving matters of grievance and developing a process for disciplinary sanctions and procedures.

12. Faculty members, groups, and organizations may invite and hear any persons of their own choosing, subject only to the requirements for use of University facilities, the University policies on fundraising, political activity, and solicitation, University policies on political activity and solicitation, and other relevant policies.
13. University facilities shall be made available for assignment to faculty members, individually or in groups, even though not formally organized, subject to University policies on facilities use. Preference may be given to programs designed for audiences consisting of members of the University community.

14. Faculty members, groups, or organizations may distribute written or electronic material on campus without prior approval so long as the distribution is consistent with University policy and state and federal law. The person or persons responsible for such material must be clearly indicated.

15. Faculty members have the right to pursue opportunities for improving their skills and developing their talents related to their responsibilities as teachers and scholars contingent upon the availability of resources and compliance with applicable University policies (e.g., travel, conflict of interest, leaves, class schedules, etc.).

16. Faculty members have the right to engage in a limited amount of outside work, for pay or without pay, in accordance with state ethics laws and University policy on commitment of time, conflict of interest, consulting, and other employment.

17. Faculty members have a right to legal defense as specified by the Tennessee Law.

18. Faculty members have the right to be evaluated annually according to University policy. Each faculty member shall receive from the departmental chairperson or dean a written statement evaluating his/her performance during the preceding year. Typically, the faculty member will be evaluated on teaching, scholarship, service, and/or professional performance consistent with University and unit expectations as set forth in Faculty Handbook Chapter 4, the position, and approved allocation of effort.

19. Tenured faculty may be removed only for cause, in cases of program discontinuation, or in cases of bona fide financial exigency consistent with Faculty Handbook Chapter 4.

20. Faculty members have the right to utilize applicable grievance procedures without retaliation.

**Article IV – Professional Responsibilities, Ethical Principles, and Unacceptable Faculty Conduct**

This listing of faculty responsibilities, ethical principles, and types of unacceptable behavior is organized around faculty’s roles as educators, scholars, colleagues, members of the university and overall community.

**FACULTY’s ROLE in University’s MISSION**

University of Memphis’s mission reflects institutional values of diversity and inclusion, accountability, collaboration, innovation, service, and student success. The University of Memphis faculty bears primary responsibility for preserving the conditions necessary to advance this mission, including protection of the freedom of inquiry; participation in the governance of the University; the application of fair and consistent standards and processes in matters of promotion and tenure; and adherence to a shared set of principles governing faculty members in relation to each other, to their students and trainees and to the University and its staff members. University of Memphis faculty members understand the commonsense and reasonable responsibilities that arise from their roles as educators, scholars, colleagues, members of the university and overall community:
Their Role as Educators.

Ethical Principles.

The integrity of the teacher-student relationship is crucial to the University’s educational mission. This relationship vests considerable trust in the faculty member, who, in turn, bears authority and accountability as mentor, educator, and evaluator. When acting in their role as teachers, members of the University of Memphis faculty treat students with professional courtesy and respect their rights, including, but not limited to, academic freedom and those rights as outlined in the Student Code of Rights and Responsibilities. They set an example of academic integrity and educate their students and trainees in the requirements of honest scholarship. They evaluate their students’ and trainees’ work solely based on its intellectual merit and adherence to course or program requirements. They maintain proper professional boundaries and never exploit the unequal institutional power inherent in the relationship between faculty member and student and trainee.

Faculty who teach are expected to teach courses in their department / school in accordance with the needs, requirements and expectations of the unit and the general requirements concerning the conduct of classes specified in various University regulations. Good teaching requires continual application and effort. Faculty who teach are expected to keep abreast of new developments in their fields and must maintain credentials as scholars so that they are part of the creative process by which the frontiers of knowledge and culture are continually being expanded. A teacher should be engaged with his/her particular discipline and should be able to convey to the students the value of the subject. Teaching duties of a professor include planning classroom and/or online activities as appropriate to the method of course delivery; preparing course syllabi; designing assignments and/or examinations; holding regular office hours or being available for consultation; supervising independent work undertaken by students; directing theses and dissertations; evaluating students: assessing and documenting student learning; advising; and developing and assessing curricula. Teaching responsibilities include prompt and regular presence during scheduled class hours whether in a physical classroom or online, as appropriate to the mode of course delivery. In the case of forms of online course delivery that do not involve regular meeting times for the entire class, teaching responsibilities include meeting unit expectations for other forms of student – teacher and student – student interaction.

Types of unacceptable conduct:
1. Failure to meet the responsibilities of instruction, including:
   (a) arbitrary denial of access to instruction.
   (b) significant intrusion of material unrelated to the course.
   (c) significant failure to adhere, without legitimate reason, to the rules of the faculty in the conduct of courses, to meet class, to keep office hours, or to hold examinations as scheduled.
   (d) evaluation of student work by criteria not directly reflective of course performance.
   (e) undue and unexcused delay in evaluating student work.

2. Discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct against a student for reasons of race, color, religion, creed, ethnic or national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity/expression, disability, age (as applicable), status as a covered veteran, or genetic information.

3. Use of the position or powers of a faculty member to coerce the judgment or conscience of a student or to cause harm to a student for arbitrary or personal reasons.

4. Participating in or deliberately abetting disruption, interference, or intimidation in the classroom.
5. Entering a romantic or sexual relationship with any student for whom a faculty member has, or should reasonably expect to have in the future, academic responsibility (instructional, evaluative, or supervisory).

6. Violation of the University’s policies on sexual misconduct and harassment in all their respective forms.

**Their Role as Scholars.**

**Ethical Principles.**
As scholars, members of the University of Memphis faculty devote their professional lives to seeking and disseminating knowledge, using the tools and resources provided by the University and the larger community. To protect their colleagues, their students, their trainees, the University, and the record of knowledge in their field, and to preserve respect for scholarship in the larger community, members of the University of Memphis faculty conduct and publish their research and writing with scrupulous honesty, and they do not allow pecuniary or other improper influences to compromise the integrity of their scholarship.

Faculty members have the responsibility to engage continuously in scholarship consistent with University and unit expectations as set forth in Faculty Handbook Chapter 4, the position, and approved allocation of effort. Scholarship encompasses not only traditional academic research and publication but also the creation of artistic works or performances and any other products or activities accepted by the academic or professional discipline as reflecting scholarly effort and achievement. Scholarship should be subject to the critical scrutiny of peers and should expand the frontiers of knowledge and culture.

Faculty members have a responsibility to demonstrate ethical and responsible behavior in the design, conduct, and reporting of academic scholarship consistent with the standards of their disciplines. Faculty have a responsibility to act as positive examples of responsible scholarship for students and developing scholars.

**Types of unacceptable conduct:**
Violation of canons of intellectual honesty, such as research misconduct and/or intentional misappropriation of the writings, research, and findings of others.

**Their Role as Colleagues:**

**Ethical Principles.** “As colleagues, professors have obligations that derive from common membership in the community of scholars. Professors do not discriminate against or harass colleagues. They respect and defend the free inquiry of associates. In the exchange of criticism and ideas professors show due respect for the opinions of others. Professors acknowledge academic debts and strive to be objective in their professional judgment of colleagues. Professors accept their share of faculty responsibilities for the governance of their institution.” (AAUP Statement, 1966; Revised, 1987.)

**Types of unacceptable conduct:**
1. Making evaluations of the professional competence of faculty members by criteria not directly reflective of professional performance.

2. Discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct against a colleague for reasons of race, color, religion, creed, ethnic or national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity/expression, disability, age (as applicable), status as a covered veteran, or genetic information.

Their Role as Members of the University of Memphis Community.

Ethical Principles.

The overriding professional obligation of all full-time faculty members is to the University of Memphis and to its mission, faculty members recognize that the preservation of the University as a self-sustaining community of scholars requires that they accept their share of responsibility for University governance and that they comply with University policies. Faculty members participate constructively and without discrimination in hiring and promotion decisions. By freely associating themselves with the University, members of the faculty affirm their commitment to a philosophy of mutual tolerance and respect. In furtherance of University of Memphis’s mission, they have the right and obligation to criticize their colleagues, staff members, and the University, but they endeavor to do so without personal animus and without seeking to intimidate or coerce. Faculty members act as stewards of University of Memphis’s resources and treat University of Memphis property and funds with care and prudence.

Types of unacceptable conduct:

1. Intentional disruption of functions or activities sponsored or authorized by the University.
2. Incitement of others to disobey University rules when such incitement constitutes a clear and present danger that violence or abuse against persons or property will occur or that the University's central functions will be significantly impaired.
3. Unauthorized use of University resources or facilities on a significant scale for personal, commercial, political, or religious purposes.
4. Forcible detention, threats of physical harm to, or harassment of another member of the University community, that interferes with that person’s performance of University activities.
5. Discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct against another member of the university for reasons of race, color, religion, creed, ethnic or national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity/expression, disability, age (as applicable), status as a covered veteran, or genetic information.
6. Serious violation of University policies governing the professional conduct of faculty, including but not limited to policies applying to research, outside professional activities, conflicts of commitment, clinical practices, violence in the workplace, and whistleblower protections.
7. Violation of the confidential relationship between the University and its students by preserving the privacy of all records relating to students and protecting student information from improper disclosure. They shall receive prior approval from the Office of the Provost when distributing written or electronic materials for solicitation purposes. Faculty shall refrain from the use of campus mail and campus electronic communications devices for political purposes.
8. Violation of use technology in an irresponsible manner that are not in accordance with University guidelines and policies.
9. Knowingly furnishing false information to the University, or forging, altering, or misusing University documents or instruments of identification.
11. Committing an act that involves such moral turpitude as to render the faculty member unfit for his/her position. As used in this section, conduct involving moral turpitude means intentional conduct, prohibited by law, which is injurious to another person or to society and which constitutes a substantial deviation from the accepted standards of duty owed by a person to other persons and society.

12. Violation of conflict of interest and commitment policies

All decisions and actions taken by faculty, as a member of the University of Memphis community, in the conduct of University business, will be made in a manner that promotes the best interests of University of Memphis. Faculty have an obligation to address both the substance and the
appearance of conflicts of interest and commitment and, if they arise, to disclose them to the appropriate University representative and withdraw from debate, voting, or other decision-making processes where a conflict of interest exists or might arise.

12 (a) University of Memphis faculty shall refrain from accepting preferential benefits based solely on public employment and shall refrain from giving preferential benefits to employees, relatives and citizens of the state.

12 (b) University of Memphis faculty shall not accept fees, gifts, payment for experience or any other thing of monetary value which will give rise to: (1) the preferential treatment of any student, employee or citizen (2) the loss of impartiality in decision making.

12 (c) University of Memphis faculty shall not disclose, use or allow others to use confidential information acquired by virtue of employment with University of Memphis or other confidential sources except as provided by law.

12 (d) University of Memphis faculty are not expected to perform or engage in any situation that will have the effect of compromising the integrity of the University, or creating a conflict of interest, to include: (1) use of state property, equipment, facilities, time or investments for private gain (2) articulating employment provisions that reduces the effectiveness of University operations.

13. Violation of Conflict of Commitment Policies
A conflict of commitment occurs when a commitment to activities outside of University responsibilities interferes with faculty’s capacity to meet faculty’s University responsibilities. It is recognized that some of faculty’s outside service and professional responsibilities can and do benefit the University. If faculty is a Corporation member, their outside responsibilities do not ordinarily pose conflicts of commitment because their service to the University is uncompensated. If you are a faculty member, limits on your outside activities are defined in the University of Memphis Conflict of Interest and Commitment Policy and the Conflict of Interest and Commitment Policy for Officers of Instruction and Research. For administrative officers and members of the staff, faculty time allowed for service to other organizations depends on their job responsibilities and supervisor’s expectations for the level of involvement with professional and community organizations, and is defined in the University of Memphis Conflict of Interest and Commitment Policy. As a member of the University of Memphis community, faculty must disclose any outside activity that is, or may be perceived to be, a conflict of commitment so that these activities can be managed properly.

14. Failure to speak up and appropriately report suspected violations
University of Memphis is committed to the highest standards of ethical conduct and integrity in all areas of its mission. Faculty members who are managers or supervisors are required to report to OIE any alleged harassment and discrimination as provided by University policy GE2030 and all University faculty are considered mandatory reporters for the purposes of sexual misconduct and domestic violence as provided for by University policy GE2031. Members of the University community should report suspected violations of applicable laws, regulations, government contracts and grant requirements, and of this Code of Conduct. This reporting should normally be made initially through standard management channels, beginning with your immediate supervisor, instructor or advisor. If for any reason it is not appropriate for faculty to report suspected violations to the immediate supervisor (e.g., the suspected violation is by the supervisor), faculty may go to a higher level of management, contact Chief Audit Executive, or the Tennessee State Comptroller. It is expected that faculty’s report will be made in a good
faith effort to address legitimate issues needing correction, or to otherwise provide reliable information. If reporting a suspected violation in good faith, it is protected under the Tennessee Law, which prohibits retaliation against employees for disclosing a violation or noncompliance with laws, rules or regulations.

14 (a). Suspected Fiscal Misconduct

All University employees, including student employees, are responsible for the proper conduct and handling of any University resource or fiscal matter entrusted to them, in accordance with laws, regulations, University policies and other expectation of ethical business conduct. The University’s Fiscal Misconduct Policy requires employees, including student employees, to promptly report to the Chief Audit Executive or the Tennessee State Comptroller any actual or suspected fiscal misconduct, whether by members of the University community, or by persons outside the University involving University resources. If you instead report fiscal misconduct to a supervisor, chairperson, director, dean, vice president or another responsible person, that individual must immediately notify the Chief Audit Executive or the Tennessee State Comptroller.

14 (b). Cooperation

As a member of the University of Memphis community, faculty shall cooperate fully with any audit, inquiry, or investigation undertaken at University of Memphis’s direction by its attorneys, investigators, internal auditors or independent public accountants.

Their role as the members of the Community

Ethical Principles.

“Faculty members have the same rights and obligations as all citizens. They are as free as other citizens to express their views and to participate in the political processes of the community. When they act or speak in their personal and private capacities, they should avoid deliberately creating the impression that they represent the University.” (U.C. Academic Council Statement, 1971.)

Types of unacceptable conduct

1. Intentional misrepresentation of personal views as a statement of position of the University or any of its agencies. (An institutional affiliation appended to a faculty member’s name in a public statement or appearance is permissible, if used solely for purposes of identification.)
2. Commission of a criminal act which has led to conviction in a court of law and which clearly demonstrates unfitness to continue as a member of the faculty.

C. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

1. University of Memphis faculty are expected to serve the University with dignity, respect, courtesy and loyalty.
2. University of Memphis faculty are expected to demonstrate and maintain the highest standards of decency, personal integrity, truthfulness and honesty and shall, through personal conduct, inspire public trust and confidence in the University.
3. University of Memphis faculty shall be fit for duty and strive to meet the highest standards of professional performance being prepared to work with others to make the most effective use of University resources.
4. University of Memphis faculty shall refrain from accepting preferential benefits based solely on public employment and shall refrain from giving preferential benefits to employees, relatives and citizens of the state.
5. University of Memphis faculty shall not accept fees, gifts, payment for experience or any other thing of monetary value which will give rise to: (1) the preferential treatment of any student, employee or citizen (2) the loss of impartiality in decision making.

6. University of Memphis faculty shall not disclose, use or allow others to use confidential information acquired by virtue of employment with University of Memphis or other confidential sources except as provided by law.

7. University of Memphis faculty are not expected to perform or engage in any situation that will have the effect of compromising the integrity of the University, or creating a conflict of interest, to include: (1) use of state property, equipment, facilities, time or investments for private gain (2) articulating employment provisions that reduces the effectiveness of University operations.

8. University of Memphis faculty are expected to maintain the public trust by exposing corruption and legal violations in any area.

9. University of Memphis faculty are expected to conform to all federal, state and local government legal responsibilities that are normally expected of a citizen of the state.

10. University of Memphis faculty are expected to maintain the integrity of higher education goals by encouraging the continuation of faculty and student involvement in research which advances knowledge and leadership in all academic and professional areas.

11. University of Memphis faculty may exercise constitutional rights as citizens to participate in political activities and to express opinions regarding controversial issues provided, they do not create the impression they are acting or speaking as a representative of the University.

12. University of Memphis faculty must recognize that personal gain from public service is limited to respect, recognition, salary and normal employee benefits contracted with University of Memphis and its Board of Trustees.

D. RESOLUTION OF ETHICAL CONFLICT In applying the code of ethical conduct, faculty may encounter problems in identifying unethical conduct or in resolving ethical conflict. When faced with significant ethical issues, they should consider the following courses of action:

Discuss such problems with the immediate superior (e.g., department chair or director), except when it appears the superior is involved. If the immediate supervisor is involved, the problem should be presented initially to the next higher managerial or administrative level. Contact with levels above the immediate superior should be initiated with the superior’s knowledge, assuming the superior is not involved. If satisfactory resolution cannot be achieved when the problem is initially presented, submit the issues to the next higher managerial or administrative level. It is advised that before any action is taken, Faculty seeks advice from the Faculty Ombudsperson.

The University of Memphis Faculty Ombudsperson is available to all members of the University faculty, including all tenured, tenure-track, clinical, research, one-year instructors and administrators such as chairs and directors, to facilitate dispute resolution through cooperation, consensus, education and mediation. The University of Memphis Faculty Ombudsperson is an independent, confidential, impartial
(neutral), and informal resource, chosen from the UM faculty, whose activities assist the faculty to resolve complaints that have not risen to the level of formal grievances, with the goal of promoting alternatives to adversarial processes. The office supplements, but does not replace, the university's existing resources for conflict resolution.

If the ethical problem or conflict still exists, Faculty is referred to the appropriate departments such as Human Resources, OIE (Office of Institutional Equity), or as the Faculty Grievance Committee.

**E. ADMINISTRATION OF THE CODE OF ETHICAL CONDUCT**

Administration for the Code of Ethical Conduct shall be conducted by the Faculty Senate Faculty Grievance Committee according to its Description and Guidelines and Procedures.
Appendix A: Faculty Grievance Committee Description

Faculty Grievance Committee

About

The ad-hoc Faculty Grievance Committee provides an avenue of appeal for faculty who feel mistreated in their relationship(s) with other faculty members or with administrators of the University of Memphis. The Faculty Grievance Committee considers, evaluates, and issues findings related to alleged violations of the Faculty Code of Conduct. The Faculty Grievance Committee also provides advice to faculty members bringing a grievance, decides to accept or reject submitted grievances, investigates grievances, mediates when called upon, and makes recommendations to the president of the university (or other university officials as deemed appropriate).

Likewise, the Faculty Grievance Committee provides a source of appeal for faculty who feel they have been unfairly treated during annual evaluations. In addition, the Grievance Committee provides a source of appeal for faculty regarding their evaluations based on claims of violation of academic freedom or failure to follow the proper procedures in conducting the annual evaluation. Matters regarding the substance of the evaluation are also subject to appeal. Finally, the Faculty Grievance Committee is also charged with reviewing cases where a faculty member alleges that a decision of non-renewal of appointment was a result of inadequate consideration of the relevant standards of the institution.

The Faculty Grievance Committee is comprised of a standing chairperson and eleven (11) tenured faculty members. The eleven (11) tenured faculty members comprise a pool of potential members to hear a grievance. A committee comprised of the chairperson and six (6) of the eleven (11) committee members will hear each grievance. The members of the Faculty Grievance Committee should be diverse and inclusive, representing the broader diversity of the University of Memphis faculty membership (i.e., racial, ethnic, gender, religion, sexual orientation/identity, etc.).
Appendix B: Faculty Grievance Committee Guidelines and Procedures

The Faculty Grievance Committee should provide an unbiased and independent forum for issues that do not qualify as formal grievances under the University policy for "Grievance Process and Conflict Resolution" (HR5052), but for which the faculty member involved seeks redress. In such situations, the Faculty Grievance Committee will consider the complaint and all available evidence and render a recommendation if it deems appropriate. The following guidelines and procedures should be followed for the review of complaints:

1. The issue must concern a matter other than tenure and promotion reviews (for which a committee already exists) or discrimination under the law or any issue for which legal action has begun.
2. The complainant must first determine that his or her request has been denied (or a hearing refused, or no timely response given) by administrators.
3. The Faculty Grievance Committee will make a preliminary determination whether the reported issue is of sufficient gravity to warrant the issuance of a recommendation to the administration and will decide within five (5) business days whether to hear the case.
4. If the Faculty Grievance Committee agrees to hear the complaint, it will first attempt to mediate the disagreement by working with the complainant and the administrator involved.
5. If mediation is unsuccessful, both the complainant and the relevant administrator(s) will be asked to provide material evidence at a timely hearing before the Faculty Grievance Committee. The Faculty Grievance Committee will arrive at a recommendation by majority vote and forward it to the administration and the complainant within 10 working days of the hearing. In its deliberations, the Faculty Grievance Committee will consider its perceptions of procedural and distributional justice, publications of the American Association of University Professors, the prevailing policies of other universities, and other appropriate sources.

Procedure for Selection

The Faculty Grievance Committee Chair and members shall be officially nominated by the Faculty Senate Committee on Committees and appointed following a majority vote of the Faculty Senate. Members of the Faculty Grievance Committee shall serve in three-year terms that are staggered.