# Data Science Seed Grant Progress Report Integrative **Hierarchical Clustering**

### Hongmei Zhang

Division of Epidemiology, Biostatistics, and Environmental Health School of Public Health The objectives of the project

 To effectively utilize the Data Science seed grant to produce preliminary results on the proposed method to demonstrate the strength and feasibility of the method as well as the capability of our research team.

## Motivation

- An R21 proposal submitted to NIH received a promising percentile of 22%.
  - The focus of the proposed project was to design statistical methods to learn the patterns revealed by omics data, including genetics, epigenetics, and gene expressions.
  - One of the methods proposed was integrative hybrid clustering.
  - Preliminary findings will substantially increase the feasibility of the proposed projects and demonstrate the research group's strong potential of collaboration.

The research team

- Hongmei Zhang (PI)
- Bernie Daigle (Co-I)
- Yu Jiang (Co-I)
- Jiasong Duan (Graduate Assistant)
- Liang Li (Graduate Assistant)

Goal and specific tasks

- Goal: to evaluate existing clustering methods (partitional and hierarchical clustering methods) and their ability to cluster variable vectors.
- Specific tasks (Green colored tasks have been finished):

Task 1. Design a distance metric.
Task 2. Design clustering algorithms.
Task 3. Simulation plans and simulation studies.
Task 4. Apply the method to GEO data sets

## Achievement – the distance metric

• Proposed distance metric

 $d_{s1,s2} = \sum_{g=1}^{G} \left( (p_1 \sum_{m=1}^{M_g} w_m D(DNAM_{gm,s1}, DNAM_{gm,s2}) + p_2 D(GE_{g,s1}, GE_{g,s2})) \times (\sum_{j=1}^{p_g} D(SNP_{gj,s1}, SNP_{gj,s2})) \right).$ 

- This distance metric evaluates the distance between subjects 1 and 2 based on weighted gene-specific distances among CpG sites in DNA methylation and distance in expression of genes.
- The weight is determined by a weighted agreement (in terms of miner allele frequency) in SNPs between the two subjects. This weight has the potential to assess the joint activities of genetic and epigenetic factors.

## Achievement – clustering algorithms

- In the simulation study, two clustering techniques were utilized
  - Partition around medoids (PAM)
  - Hierarchical clustering (divisive and agglomerative)
  - Hybrid clustering  $\rightarrow$  to be designed
- Selection of a distance metric to be compared with the proposed metric
  - Gower distance has the ability to deal with mixture of continuous and categorical variables as it allows different distance assessment depending on the continuation of a variable.

$$d_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{p} w_{ij,k} d_{ij}^{(k)}}{\sum_{k=1}^{p} w_{ij,k}}$$

Gower (1971) A general coefficient of similarity and some of its properties. Biometrics 27 857–874.

## Achievement – simulation scenarios

- Assume 100 genes and each gene has one CpG site
- Each cluster has 100 subjects
- Two scenarios are included to guide our final simulation settings
  - Scenario 1: Regularity of DNA methylation (DNAm) on expression of genes (GE), methQTL, as well as interactions between SNPs
    - Three clusters
    - Cluster 1: low DNAm → high GE, SNP1=1 (dominant), SNP2=0 (recessive) (first 60 genes), and high DNAm → low GE with one SNP per gene (0/1) randomly generated for the remaining genes.
    - Cluster 2: low DNAm → high GE, SNP1=0, SNP2=1 (first 60 genes), and high DNAm→ low GE with one SNP per gene (0/1) randomly generated for the remaining genes.
    - Cluster 3: high DNAm  $\rightarrow$  low GE, SNP1=0, SNP2=0 (first 60 genes), and low DNAm  $\rightarrow$  high GE, randomly generate one SNP per gene for the remaining genes.

Achievement – simulation scenarios

- Two scenarios are considered (cont'd)
  - Scenario 2: Underlying clustering due to genetic differentiations
    - Two clusters
    - Cluster 1: first 50 with genotype 0, and the other 50 with genotype 1
    - Cluster 2: first 50 with genotype 1, and the remaining with genotype 2
    - In both clusters, GE and DNAm were generated from uniform distributions.

## Achievement – simulation results (3 clusters)

• When clustering based on GEs only or DNAm only via K-means  $\rightarrow$  two clusters



Possible reasons for the wrong results: Difference between clusters was due to methQTL or SNPxSNP or SNP and DNA methylation interaction → would not be seen if only on expression or DNA methylation data.

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Achievement – simulation results (3 clusters)

- Cluster the three types of data integratively (SNPs, DNAm, and GE) via K-means → two clusters.
- Reason for the wrong results: We believe this was due to the distance metric implemented in the clustering (Euclidean).



Achievement – simulation results (3 clusters)

- Implement the Gower distance metric
- Cluster the three types of data integratively (SNPs, DNAm, and GE)
  - PAM
  - Hierarchical clustering
- All the three clusters are correctly identified.



### Achievement – simulation results (2 clusters) The need of a better distance metric

- It seemed the Gower distance metric is good enough to deal with these three types of data.
- Do we need any new metric?
- Further assessment using simulated data with 2 clusters (scenario 2).

Achievement – simulation results (2 clusters) The need of a better distance metric

- Using Gower distance is not able to differentiate between the two clusters
- Clustering accuracy is not high
  - PAM (101, 99): 67.5%
  - Hierarchical clustering (113, 87): 89.5%
- Reason: the distance metric in Gower (Euclidean for continuous and agreement categorical, and they are additive) does not fit complex situations as in genetic and epigenetic studies.





Achievement – simulation results (2 clusters) The need of a better distance metric

- Results from the proposed distance metric
  - All three clusters are correctly identified.
  - Reason: the proposed metric has the potential to capture interactions, methQTL, as well as frequencies of minor alleles.



## Next steps

• Incorporate the results to the next submission of the proposal.

• Plan to write a short report and submit to a journal for publication.

Truly appreciated the support from this seed grant and believe the preliminary results will help future submissions substantially.