

Masters' Comprehensive Exam: Topology

September 20, 2008

Do any **three** of the following four problems. You have **1 hour**.

- Prove or disprove that the subspace topology on the set of integers, \mathbb{Z} , in \mathbb{R} (with its usual topology) is the same as the discrete topology on \mathbb{Z} .
 - Prove or disprove that the subspace topology on the set of rationals, \mathbb{Q} , in \mathbb{R} (with its usual topology) is the same as the discrete topology on \mathbb{Q} .
- Let X be a metric space. Show that the following are equivalent:
 - X has a countable basis;
 - X is Lindelöf (i.e., every open cover of X has a countable subcover);
 - X has a countable dense subset.
- Suppose that $A \times B \subseteq U \subseteq H \times K$, where A , B , H , and K are compact Hausdorff spaces and U is open in the product space $H \times K$. Show that there exist open subsets V of H and W of K such that $A \times B \subseteq V \times W \subseteq U$.
- Let $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a real-valued function on a closed interval and let $G = \{(x, f(x)) \mid x \in [a, b]\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ be its graph. Prove or give a counterexample for the following.
 - If G is connected, then f is continuous.
 - If f is continuous, then G is connected.