

# Statistics Ph.D. Qualifying Exam: Part II

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Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student UID: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Answer 8 out of 12 problems. Mark the problems you selected in the following table.

Problem	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Selected												
Scores												

2. Write your answer right after each problem selected, attach more pages if necessary. Assemble your work in right order.
3. You can use the  $N(0,1)$  distribution table as attached.

1. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d. having the uniform distribution on the interval  $(\theta_1, \theta_2)$ . Find the uniformly minimum variance unbiased estimator (UMVUE) for

(a)  $\theta_1$ .

(b)  $\theta_2$ .

(c)  $\theta_2 - \theta_1$ .

2. Let  $\{X_1, \dots, X_n\}$  be a random sample from the population with density  $f(x, \theta) = \theta x^{\theta-1}, 0 < x < 1, \theta > 0$ .

- (a) Derive the UMP (Uniformly Most Powerful) size  $\alpha$  test for testing  $H_0 : \theta = 1$  versus  $H_1 : \theta > 1$ .
- (b) What is the power function of the above UMP test ?
- (c) Is there an UMP size- $\alpha$  test for testing  $H_0 : \theta = 1$  versus  $H_2 : \theta \neq 1$  ? Justify your answer.

3. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a distribution with density  $f(x|\theta)$ , where  $f(x|\theta)$  is given by

$$f(x|\theta) = \begin{cases} \theta x^{\theta-1} & , \theta > 0, 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Assume that the prior distribution of  $\theta$  is

$$p(\theta) = \frac{\lambda^m}{\Gamma(m)} \theta^{m-1} e^{-\lambda\theta}, \lambda > 0, m > 1$$

where  $\lambda$  and  $m$  are known constants.

- (a) Identify the posterior distribution of  $\theta$  given the observed data  $x_1, \dots, x_n$ .
- (b) Obtain the Bayes estimator  $\hat{\theta}$  of  $\theta$  when the loss function of  $\theta$  is  $l = c(\theta - \hat{\theta})^2$  where  $c > 0$ .
- (c) Explain how to obtain a 95% Bayesian interval for  $\theta$ .

4. Let  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  be nonzero constants with  $\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 > 0$ . Suppose we observe  $(x_i, Y_i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$  from the following regression model:

$$Y_i = \beta x_i + \epsilon_i$$

where  $\epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_n$  are a random sample from the Gaussian distribution  $N(0, \sigma^2)$ .

- (a) Find the mean and variance of

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i Y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}.$$

- (b) Find the mean and variance of

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}.$$

- (c) Find the estimator of  $\beta$  that has the smallest variance among unbiased estimators of  $\beta$  of the form

$$\sum_{i=1}^n c_i Y_i.$$

- (d) Now suppose  $\epsilon_i \sim N(0, x_i^2)$  and  $\epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_n$  are independent. Find the estimator of  $\beta$  that has the smallest variance among unbiased estimators of  $\beta$  of the form

$$\sum_{i=1}^n c_i Y_i.$$

5. Suppose  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  are independent binomial  $(m_i, \rho)$  where  $m_i$  are fixed positive integers.

(a) Let

$$T_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n m_i}.$$

Find the mean and the variance of  $T_1$ . Is  $T_1$  an unbiased estimator of  $\rho$ ?

(b) Let

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{Y_i}{m_i}.$$

Find the mean and the variance of  $T_2$ . Is  $T_2$  an unbiased estimator of  $\rho$ ?

(c) Which estimator is better to estimate  $\rho$ ? Justify your answer.

6. Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  are i.i.d. random variables from a distribution with pdf

$$f(y) = \frac{\theta}{2(1 + |y|)^{\theta+1}}$$

where  $\theta > 0$  and  $y \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- (a) Find a complete sufficient statistic.
- (b) Find the Fisher information.
- (c) Find the uniformly minimum variance unbiased estimator (UMVUE) for  $\theta$ .

7. Suppose  $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  $Z_j \sim N(0, 1)$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, k$  and all variables are independent. Find the distribution of each of the following variables.

(a)  $X_2 + 2X_3$ .

(b)  $\frac{\bar{X}}{\bar{Z}}$ .

(c)  $\frac{\bar{X}}{\sigma^2} + \bar{Z}$ .



8. Consider independent random samples from two exponential distributions,  $X_i \sim EXP(\theta_1)$  and  $Y_j \sim EXP(\theta_2)$ ;  $i = 1, \dots, n_1$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, n_2$ .

(a) Show that  $(\theta_2/\theta_1)(\bar{X}/\bar{Y}) \sim F(2n_1, 2n_2)$ .

(b) Derive a  $100\gamma\%$  confidence interval for  $\theta_2/\theta_1$ .

9. Let

$$Y_i = \beta x_i + \epsilon_i,$$

where  $x_i$  is a fixed covariate and  $\epsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma_0^2)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$  where  $\sigma_0^2$  is known and  $\beta$  is an unknown parameter.

- (a) Find the maximum likelihood estimator of  $\beta$ .
- (b) Using a  $N(0, 1)$  as a prior distribution for  $\beta$ , find the posterior distribution of  $\beta$ .
- (c) How does this posterior distribution relate to the MLE for  $\beta$ ?

10. Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3$ , and  $X_4$  be i.i.d. exponential random variables with the pdf  $f(x) = \theta \exp(-\theta x)$ ,  $x, \theta > 0$ . Find the pdf of

(a)  $Y_1 = \min(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$ .

(b)  $Y_4 = \max(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$ .

(c) Random vector  $(Y_1, Y_4)$ .

(d)  $Y = Y_4 - Y_1 = \max(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) - \min(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$ .

11. Consider an i.i.d. sample  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  from the Pareto distribution with the pdf

$$p(x|b) = \frac{b}{x^{b+1}}, \quad 1 < x < \infty$$

- (a) Show that  $Y_i = \ln(X_i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$ , have exponential distributions and use this information to find the distribution of the sufficient statistic.
- (b) Construct the Likelihood Ratio Test (LRT) for  $H_0 : b = b_0$  versus  $H_1 : b > b_0$ .

12. Let  $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$  be a random sample from the Poisson distribution with mean  $\lambda$ . Let the prior distribution for  $\lambda$  be a Gamma( $a, b$ ) distribution

$$p(x|a, b) = \frac{x^{a-1}e^{-x/b}}{b^a\Gamma(a)}, \quad x > 0$$

where  $a = 4$  and  $b = 2$ .

- (a) Find the posterior distribution of  $\lambda$  given data  $\mathbf{X}$ .
- (b) Construct a Bayesian test for  $H_0 : \lambda \geq 2$  versus  $H_1 : \lambda < 2$ . What is the rejection region of this test? Assume that  $H_0$  and  $H_1$  are equally important.

Table of  $P(Z < z)$ ,  $Z \sim N(0,1)$ 

<b>z</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.09</b>
<b>0.0</b>	0.50000	0.50399	0.50798	0.51197	0.51595	0.51994	0.52392	0.52790	0.53188	0.53586
<b>0.1</b>	0.53983	0.54380	0.54776	0.55172	0.55567	0.55962	0.56356	0.56749	0.57142	0.57535
<b>0.2</b>	0.57926	0.58317	0.58706	0.59095	0.59483	0.59871	0.60257	0.60642	0.61026	0.61409
<b>0.3</b>	0.61791	0.62172	0.62552	0.62930	0.63307	0.63683	0.64058	0.64431	0.64803	0.65173
<b>0.4</b>	0.65542	0.65910	0.66276	0.66640	0.67003	0.67364	0.67724	0.68082	0.68439	0.68793
<b>0.5</b>	0.69146	0.69497	0.69847	0.70194	0.70540	0.70884	0.71226	0.71566	0.71904	0.72240
<b>0.6</b>	0.72575	0.72907	0.73237	0.73565	0.73891	0.74215	0.74537	0.74857	0.75175	0.75490
<b>0.7</b>	0.75804	0.76115	0.76424	0.76730	0.77035	0.77337	0.77637	0.77935	0.78230	0.78524
<b>0.8</b>	0.78814	0.79103	0.79389	0.79673	0.79955	0.80234	0.80511	0.80785	0.81057	0.81327
<b>0.9</b>	0.81594	0.81859	0.82121	0.82381	0.82639	0.82894	0.83147	0.83398	0.83646	0.83891
<b>1.0</b>	0.84134	0.84375	0.84614	0.84849	0.85083	0.85314	0.85543	0.85769	0.85993	0.86214
<b>1.1</b>	0.86433	0.86650	0.86864	0.87076	0.87286	0.87493	0.87698	0.87900	0.88100	0.88298
<b>1.2</b>	0.88493	0.88686	0.88877	0.89065	0.89251	0.89435	0.89617	0.89796	0.89973	0.90147
<b>1.3</b>	0.90320	0.90490	0.90658	0.90824	0.90988	0.91149	0.91309	0.91466	0.91621	0.91774
<b>1.4</b>	0.91924	0.92073	0.92220	0.92364	0.92507	0.92647	0.92785	0.92922	0.93056	0.93189
<b>1.5</b>	0.93319	0.93448	0.93574	0.93699	0.93822	0.93943	0.94062	0.94179	0.94295	0.94408
<b>1.6</b>	0.94520	0.94630	0.94738	0.94845	0.94950	0.95053	0.95154	0.95254	0.95352	0.95449
<b>1.7</b>	0.95543	0.95637	0.95728	0.95818	0.95907	0.95994	0.96080	0.96164	0.96246	0.96327
<b>1.8</b>	0.96407	0.96485	0.96562	0.96638	0.96712	0.96784	0.96856	0.96926	0.96995	0.97062
<b>1.9</b>	0.97128	0.97193	0.97257	0.97320	0.97381	0.97441	0.97500	0.97558	0.97615	0.97670
<b>2.0</b>	0.97725	0.97778	0.97831	0.97882	0.97932	0.97982	0.98030	0.98077	0.98124	0.98169
<b>2.1</b>	0.98214	0.98257	0.98300	0.98341	0.98382	0.98422	0.98461	0.98500	0.98537	0.98574
<b>2.2</b>	0.98610	0.98645	0.98679	0.98713	0.98745	0.98778	0.98809	0.98840	0.98870	0.98899
<b>2.3</b>	0.98928	0.98956	0.98983	0.99010	0.99036	0.99061	0.99086	0.99111	0.99134	0.99158
<b>2.4</b>	0.99180	0.99202	0.99224	0.99245	0.99266	0.99286	0.99305	0.99324	0.99343	0.99361
<b>2.5</b>	0.99379	0.99396	0.99413	0.99430	0.99446	0.99461	0.99477	0.99492	0.99506	0.99520
<b>2.6</b>	0.99534	0.99547	0.99560	0.99573	0.99585	0.99598	0.99609	0.99621	0.99632	0.99643
<b>2.7</b>	0.99653	0.99664	0.99674	0.99683	0.99693	0.99702	0.99711	0.99720	0.99728	0.99736
<b>2.8</b>	0.99744	0.99752	0.99760	0.99767	0.99774	0.99781	0.99788	0.99795	0.99801	0.99807
<b>2.9</b>	0.99813	0.99819	0.99825	0.99831	0.99836	0.99841	0.99846	0.99851	0.99856	0.99861
<b>3.0</b>	0.99865	0.99869	0.99874	0.99878	0.99882	0.99886	0.99889	0.99893	0.99896	0.99900
<b>3.1</b>	0.99903	0.99906	0.99910	0.99913	0.99916	0.99918	0.99921	0.99924	0.99926	0.99929
<b>3.2</b>	0.99931	0.99934	0.99936	0.99938	0.99940	0.99942	0.99944	0.99946	0.99948	0.99950
<b>3.3</b>	0.99952	0.99953	0.99955	0.99957	0.99958	0.99960	0.99961	0.99962	0.99964	0.99965
<b>3.4</b>	0.99966	0.99968	0.99969	0.99970	0.99971	0.99972	0.99973	0.99974	0.99975	0.99976
<b>3.5</b>	0.99977	0.99978	0.99978	0.99979	0.99980	0.99981	0.99981	0.99982	0.99983	0.99983
<b>3.6</b>	0.99984	0.99985	0.99985	0.99986	0.99986	0.99987	0.99987	0.99988	0.99988	0.99989
<b>3.7</b>	0.99989	0.99990	0.99990	0.99990	0.99991	0.99991	0.99992	0.99992	0.99992	0.99992
<b>3.8</b>	0.99993	0.99993	0.99993	0.99994	0.99994	0.99994	0.99994	0.99995	0.99995	0.99995
<b>3.9</b>	0.99995	0.99995	0.99996	0.99996	0.99996	0.99996	0.99996	0.99996	0.99997	0.99997
<b>4.0</b>	0.99997	0.99997	0.99997	0.99997	0.99997	0.99997	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998
<b>4.1</b>	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99998	0.99999	0.99999